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Title: How did the world's first atomic bomb get its name? Looking back on the Trinity test on its 76th anniversary

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How did the world's first atomic bomb get its name?

Looking back on the Trinity test on its 76th anniversary

By Riz Ali, Director, and Alan Carr, Senior Historian, [National Security Research Center](#)

The world's first-ever atomic bomb is called The Gadget.

It was detonated in the New Mexico desert on July 16, 1945 during the [Trinity test](#), verifying that an implosion-type plutonium bomb would be successful when released above Nagasaki just weeks later. That atomic bomb was called Fat Man and it was a weaponized version of the Trinity device of The Gadget.

According to the longtime lore, the bulbous-looking [Fat Man](#) bomb's name was inspired by British Prime Minister Winston Churchill. After the Thin Man bomb, whose moniker was inspired by the U.S. President Franklin Roosevelt, didn't come to fruition, the gun-type uranium atomic bomb named Little Boy was developed. It was likely dubbed as such because it was smaller in size.

But how did The Gadget get its name? Was it a code name for security purposes? Just a nickname? A tribute to being the first?

Many Los Alamos veterans, including historian Ellen McGehee and retired scientist Glen McDuff as well as staff of the National Security Research Center (the Lab's classified library), recently looked into the origins of The Gadget's name.

As it turns out, there is no known documentation that definitively describes how the term came to be. There are, however, some interesting and compelling clues.

The Gadget vs. a gadget

It is likely the name The Gadget was not intentionally developed as a security measure to conceal its identity. The term "gadget" was commonly used during the 1940s to describe experimental scientific and engineering devices, so it was most likely adopted as an informal term for weapons in the early days of the Laboratory. This is likely the reason no one seems to have documented why the Trinity test device was called The Gadget.

Because gadget appears to be a generic term, it was applied to multiple weapons types and not exclusively to the Trinity device. For instance, records in the NSRC refer to "the gun gadget" (Little Boy) and "the implosion gadget" (Fat Man). In most cases, though, the term applies to the imploding bomb.

By the summer of 1945, the concept became reality when the Trinity device was constructed and tested. At the time, the Trinity device was the only nuclear weapon in the world – quite literally *The Gadget*. As such, it would be accurate to refer to Manhattan Project-era weapons designs (including gun-type devices like Little Boy) and also implosion systems (like Fat Man) as gadgets, and the Trinity device as The Gadget.

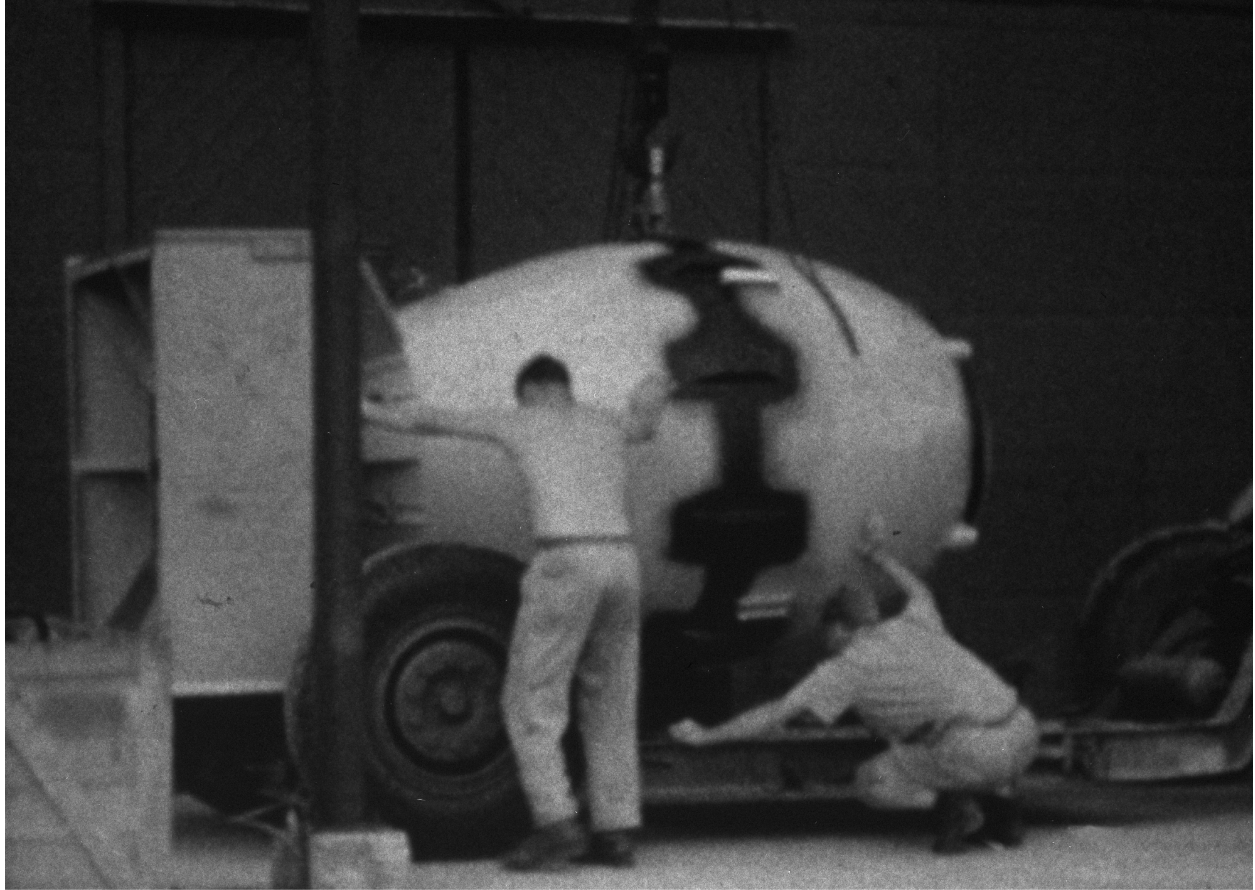
Also noteworthy, the name Fat Man is used as a term for both a type of weapon as well as the specific weapon detonated above Nagasaki on Aug. 9, 1945.

Interested in more about the Los Alamos-created implosion atomic bomb? Listen to the NSRC's [10-minute Relics podcast](#) about a recently re-discovered Fat Man assembly manual, or contact us at nsrc@lanl.gov.



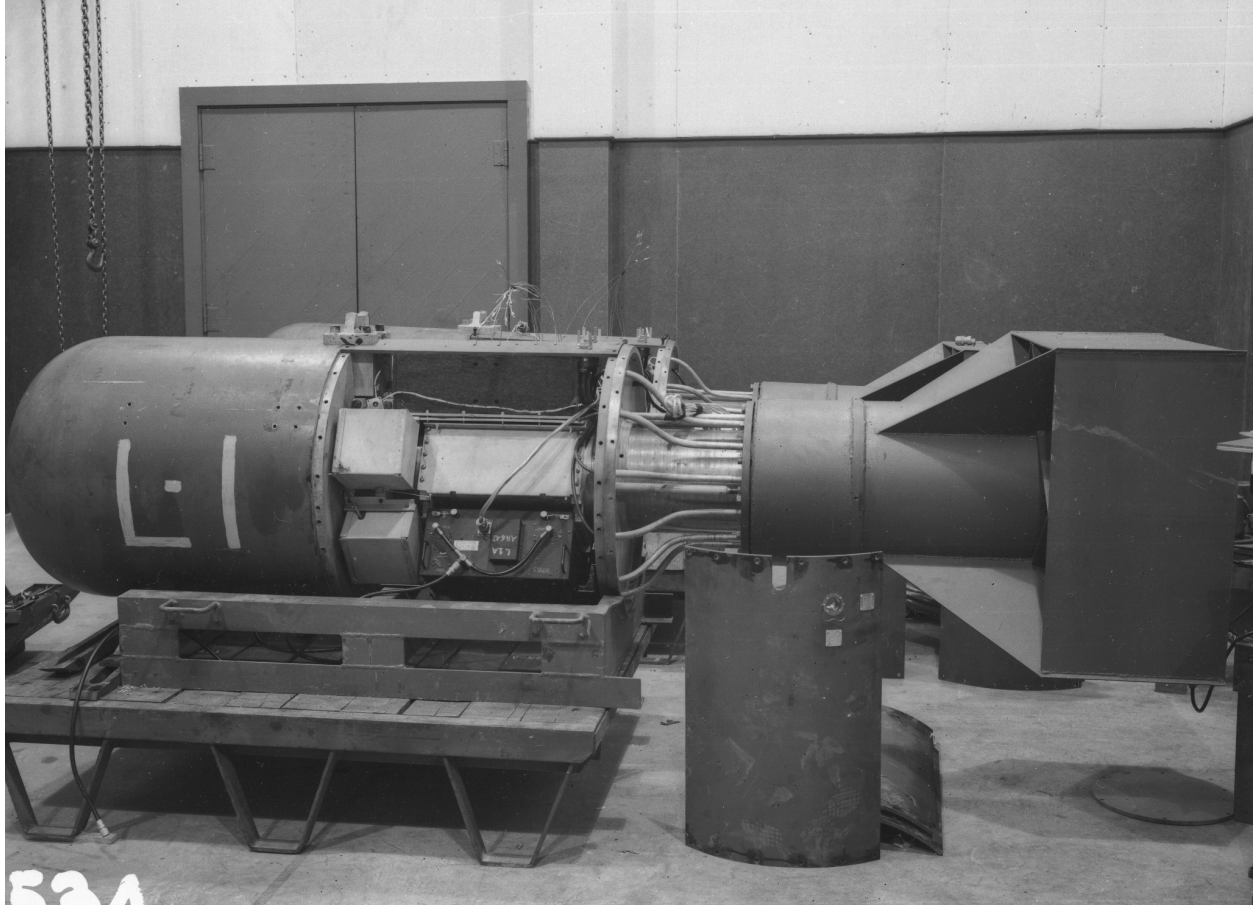
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The Gadget – the world's first atomic bomb – is an implosion-style plutonium weapon that was tested at the Trinity test in the New Mexico desert on July 16, 1945.



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Fat Man is the implosion-style plutonium weapon that was released above Nagasaki, Japan on Aug. 9, 1945, helping end World War II.



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Little Boy is the gun-type uranium weapon that was released above Hiroshima, Japan on Aug. 6, 1945. It is one of two atomic bombs ever to be used in combat.



July 16, 1945 marks the 76th anniversary of the Trinity test, which is when the world entered the Atomic Age with the successful detonation of The Gadget – the first nuclear weapon. The then-secret Los Alamos lab developed atomic bombs to help end World War II.

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